Amendments to the Claims

Please cancel Claims 1-17. Please add new Claims 18-36.

The Claim Listing below will replace all prior versions of the claims in the application:

Claim Listing

Claims:

1-17 (Canceled)

18. (New) A functionalized polyazole comprising recurring imidazole units of the general formula

$$\begin{bmatrix}
N & N & N & C - Ar^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
N & N & V & V \\
V & V & V & V
\end{bmatrix}$$
(1a)

and/or

and/or

$$\begin{bmatrix}
-C & N & N & C - Ar^{1} \\
N & N & C - Ar^{1}
\end{bmatrix}$$
(1c)

and/or

$$\begin{bmatrix}
N \\
N \\
Y \\
Z_v
\end{bmatrix}$$
(2),

where the radicals Ar, Ar¹ and Ar² are tetravalent, divalent or trivalent aromatic or heteroaromatic groups,

Y is a bond or a group having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, v is an integer from 1 to 10 and

Z is a group of the general formula

or

$$R^{1}$$
 C
 $PO_{3}H_{2}$
 $PO_{3}H_{2}$
 $PO_{3}H_{2}$
 $PO_{3}H_{2}$

where R^1 and R^2 are each, independently of one another, a hydrogen atom or a group having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, characterized in that the solubility of the polyazole in N,N-dimethylacetamide is at least 0.1 g, based on 100 g of solution, at 100° C.

19. (New) A functionalized polyazole comprising recurring imidazole units of the general formula

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & N \\
 & N \\
 & N \\
 & V \\
 & Z_{v}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & C - Ar^{1} \\
 & V \\
 & Z_{v}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & (1a)
\end{array}$$

and/or

$$\begin{bmatrix}
C & N & N & C - Ar^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
N & N & C - Ar^{\frac{1}{2}}
\end{bmatrix}$$
(1b)

and/ or

$$\begin{bmatrix}
C & N & N & C - Ar^{1} \\
N & N & C - Ar^{1}
\end{bmatrix}$$
(1c)

and/or

$$\begin{bmatrix}
-C \\
N \\
N \\
Y \\
Z'_{v}
\end{bmatrix}$$
(2'),

where the radicals Ar, Ar¹ and Ar² are tetravalent, divalent or trivalent aromatic or heteroaromatic groups,

Y is a bond or a group having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms,

v is an integer from 1 to 10 and

Z' is a group of the general formula

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{1} \\
-C \\
-PO_{3}R6R7 \\
R^{2}
\end{array} (3')$$

or

$$\begin{array}{c}
R^{1} \\
--C - PO_{3}R6R7 \\
PO_{3}R6R7
\end{array} (4'),$$

where R^1 and R^2 are each, independently of one another, a hydrogen atom or a group having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms and R^6 and R^7 are each, independently of one another, a group having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms.

20. (New) The polyazole of claim 18, characterized in that the polymer comprises recurring benzimidazole units of the formula (5a):

$$\begin{bmatrix} H & H & H \\ N & N & N \end{bmatrix}$$
(5a),

where n is an integer greater than or equal to 10.

- 21. (New) The polyazole of claim 18, characterized in that it is doped with an acid.
- 22. (New) The polyazole as claimed in claim 21, characterized in that the degree of doping, expressed as mole of acid per mole of repeating units of the polymer, is from 3 to 15.
- 23. (New) The polyazole of claim 18, characterized in that the group Y is a radical having 1 or 2 carbon atoms.
- 24. (New) The polyazole of claim 18, characterized in that it has a molar ratio of phosphorus to nitrogen, P/N, measured by means of elemental analysis in the range from 0.02 to 0.5.
- 25. (New) A process for preparing functionalized polyazoles of claim 19, comprising the steps of
 - A) dissolving a polymer comprising recurring imidazole units of the general formula

and/or

$$\begin{bmatrix}
-C \\
N \\
H
\end{bmatrix}$$
(6)

in a solvent, to thereby form a first solution;

- B) reacting the first solution with a base to form a second solution,
- C) reacting the second solution with at least one phosphonate of the general formulae

$$X-Y - \begin{pmatrix} R^1 \\ C - PO_3R^6R^7 \\ R^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (7),

$$R^{3} \xrightarrow{R^{4}} Y \xrightarrow{R^{1}} PO_{3}R^{6}R^{7}$$

$$R^{5} \xrightarrow{R^{2}} Y \xrightarrow{R^{2}} PO_{3}R^{6}R^{7}$$

$$R^{7} \xrightarrow{R^{2}} PO_{3}R^{6}R^{7}$$

$$R^{7} \xrightarrow{R^{2}} PO_{3}R^{6}R^{7}$$

$$R^3$$
 $PO_3R^6R^7$
 R^5
 PO_3R^6

$$X-Y \begin{pmatrix} R^{1} \\ -C -PO_{3}R^{6}R^{7} \\ PO_{3}R^{6}R^{7} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (10),

and/or

$$R^{3} - X' - \begin{pmatrix} R^{1} \\ C - PO_{3}R^{6}R^{7} \\ PO_{3}R^{6}R^{7} \end{pmatrix}_{V}$$
(11),

where R^3 , R^4 and R^5 are each, independently of one another, a hydrogen atom or a group having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms,

 R^6 and R^7 are each, independently of one another, a group having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms,

X is a leaving group and

Y' is a bond or a group having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms.

26. (New) The process of claim 25, further including adding an acid to the solution of step C.

- 27. (New) The process of claim 25, further including adding a base having a pK_B at 25°C of less than 7 to the solvent in step A.
- 28. (New) The process of claim 25, characterized in that phosphonates of the general formulae

$$X - (CH_2)_m - PO_3 R^6 R^7$$
 (7a)

$$(CH2)m PO3R6R7$$
(8a)

where m is an integer from 0 to 11 and the radicals X, R^6 and R^7 are as defined above, is used as the phosphonate in step C.

- 29. (New) A polyazole obtainable by a process of claim 26.
- 30. (New) A polymer electrolyte membrane coated with polyazoles of claim 18.
- 31. (New) A membrane-electrode unit comprising ionomers of polyazoles in claim 30.
- 32. (New) A polymer electrolyte membrane comprising polyazoles of claim 18.
- 33. (New) A membrane-electrode unit comprising a polymer electrolyte membrane of claim 32.
- 34. (New) A fuel cell comprising a membrane-electrode unit of claim 33.
- 35. (New) A membrane-electrode unit comprising ionomers of the polyazoles of claim 18.
- 36. (New) A fuel cell comprising a membrane-electrode unit of claim 35.